

SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED
(formerly known as Resham Packaging Pvt. Ltd.)

A-112, Sector-63, Noida-201307*

E-mail: info@simbhaolisugars.com; Tel: +91-120-4906666

CIN: U21015UP1995PTC091560

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 26th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited will be held at 3:30 P.M on Wednesday, September 29, 2021 at A-112, Sector-63, Noida-201307 to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company including the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement for the year ended on that date along-with the report of Board of Directors and Statutory Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Kamal Samtani (DIN- 02818197), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

Place: Noida

Date: September 4, 2021

For and on Behalf of
Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Kamal Samtani
Director
DIN: 02818197

*The Registered Office of the Company has been shifted from NCT of Delhi to the State of Uttar Pradesh.

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NOTES

1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the general meeting of the Company may appoint a proxy to attend and on a poll, vote instead of himself/herself. A Proxy need not be a member of the Company. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company at its registered office not later than forty-eight hours before the commencement of the meeting. A person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A single person may act as a proxy for a member holding more than ten percent of the total voting share capital of the Company provided that such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person.
2. Every member entitled to vote at the general meeting of the Company can inspect the proxies lodged at the Company at any time during the business hours within a period beginning twenty four hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the general meeting and ending at the conclusion of the meeting. However, a prior notice of not less than 3 (three) days in writing of the intentions to inspect the proxies lodged shall be provided to the Company.
3. The instrument appointing a proxy, to be effective, must be duly filled, stamped and signed and must reach the Company's registered office not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
4. Relevant documents referred to in the proposed resolutions are available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours from 10:00 am to 5:30 pm on any working days up to one day prior to the date of the AGM and will also be available at the meeting venue on the date of meeting.
5. Members are requested to hand over the signed attendance slip for admission to the meeting hall.
6. Proxies submitted on behalf of corporate, societies, etc. must be supported by an appropriate resolution/authority, as applicable, to attend and vote at the meeting.
7. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Monday, September 27, 2021 to Wednesday, September 29, 2021 (both days inclusive).

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Proxy Form

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN	U21015UP1995PTC091560
Name of the company	Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited
Address	A-112, Sector-63, Noida- 201307

26th Annual General Meeting- scheduled to be held at 3:30 P.M on Wednesday, September 30, 2021 at A-112, Sector-63, Noida- 201307

Name of Member(s)	
Registered Address	
Email Id	
Folio. No./ Client ID	
DP ID	

I/ we being member(s) of _____ shares of above named company, hereby appoint

Name	
Address	
Email Id	
Signatures	

or failing him/her,

Name	
Address	
Email Id	
Signatures	

or failing him/her,

Name	
Address	
Email Id	
Signatures	

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 26th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited scheduled to be held at 3:30 p.m. on Wednesday, September 29, 2021, at A-112, Sector-63, Noida- 201307 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

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Resolution number	Resolution	Vote (see note no.)		
		For	Against	Abstain
Ordinary Business				
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company including the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement for the year ended on that date along-with the report of Board of Directors and Statutory Auditors thereon.			
2.	To consider and approve the appointment of Mr. Kamal Samtani, Director of the Company (DIN: 02818197), who hereby retires by rotation.			

Signed this _____ day of _____, 2021.

Signature of shareholder

signature of proxy holder(s)

Affix
one
rupee
revenue
stamp

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Notes:

1. The Proxy to be effective should be deposited at the Registered office of the Company not less than FORTY EIGHT HOURS before the commencement of the Meeting.
2. A Proxy need not be a member of the Company.
3. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the vote of the other joint holders. Seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
4. The form of Proxy confers authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
5. The submission by a member of this form of proxy will not preclude such member from attending in person and voting at the meeting.
6. In case a member wishes his/her votes to be used differently, he/she should indicate the number of shares under the columns "For" or "Against" as appropriate.

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ATTENDANCE SLIP
26th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Please complete this attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of meeting hall

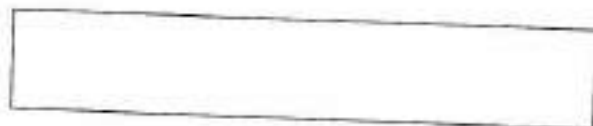
DP Id*	Name & Address of Registered Shareholders
Client Id*	
Regd. Folio. No.	
No. of Shares Held	

* Applicable for shareholding in electronic form.

I certify that I am a registered shareholder / proxy for the registered shareholder of the Company.

I hereby record my presence at the 26th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited scheduled to be held at 3:30 P.M on Wednesday, September 29, 2021

I hereby give my consent to receive the Annual Reports and Accounts and other documents permissible to be sent through electronic mode in future, on my e-mail ID- instead of physical form.



Signature of Shareholder/Proxy

NOTE: Members/Proxy holders are requested to bring this Attendance Slip duly filled in and signed with them when they come to the meeting. No Attendance Slip will be issued at the venue of the meeting.

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Route Map of the venue of the 26th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited scheduled to be held at 3:30 P.M on Wednesday, September 29, 2021 at A-112, Sector-63, Noida- 201307



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BOARDS' REPORT

To,
The Members of
Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their 26th report on the operations of the Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited (herein after referred as 'the Company') for the year ended March 31, 2021.

WORKING OF THE COMPANY

Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited (SSSPL) was incorporated in the year 1995 in the name of 'Resham Packaging Private Limited'. The name of the Company was changed to, Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited in 2014.

Simbhaoli Sugars Limited (SSL) a north India based sugar manufacturing company has acquired the entire shareholding in the share capital of the Company in year 2014. During the current year, the Company has not carried out any business activities. Due to heavy losses incurred by the Company in the past, the Company has decided to change the business plan and has been taking all possible steps to improve the operations.

Financial Statements

The results of operations of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 as compared with the year ended March 31, 2020 are stated as under:

(Amount in Rs. Lacs)

S. No.	Particulars	Year Ended (Audited)	
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1	Other Income	4.78	6.48
2	Profit/(loss) before tax	2.57	4.38
3	Tax Expenses	0.94	1.24
4	Net Profit After Tax (1-2)	1.63	3.13

The other income of Rs. 4.78 lacs comprise of the lease hold charges from Simbhaoli Sugars Limited for the building i.e Plot No A-112, Sector-63, Noida rented to Simbhaoli Sugars Limited. During the year, there is no other income from business operations.

Dividend

In order to conserve the accumulated funds, your directors express their inability to declare dividend for the year. Since there was no unpaid/unclaimed dividend declared and paid in the last year, the provisions of Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply.

Deposit

The Company has neither accepted nor renewed any deposits during the year under review. No deposits remain unpaid for the previous financial years.

Human Resources

The Company follows the fundamental principles of human and workplace rights and the relation between the management and employees continued to remain cordial during this year. The Company has always been vigil against the sexual harassment and no such complaint has been received during the year.

Accounting Policies

The Board of Directors of the Company accepts responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of these financial statements, as well as for various estimates/ judgments used in preparation of these statements. The estimates and/or judgments have been made on a consistent, reasonable and prudent basis to reflect true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Company.

Risk Management Policy

Simbhaoli Sugars Limited, the holding Company has adopted measures concerning the development and implementation of a Risk Management Policy, which is applicable on the Company. The risk management includes identifying types of risks and its assessment, risk handling and monitoring and reporting. Similar policy on vigil mechanism and whistle blower provides empowerment to all the employees to report their genuine concerns, or grievances to the designated authority. During the financial year 2020-21, no such complaint was received.

Auditors' Report

The Auditors' report is attached to this report and the comments on the financial statements referred to in the report of the auditors are self-explanatory.

Directors

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company, Mr. Kamal Samtani (DIN- 02818197) shall be liable to retire by rotation.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

1. Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies

The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Simbhaoli Sugars Limited (SSL), which is holding 19,000 shares (100%) in the share capital of the Company.

2. Number of Board Meetings conducted during the year under review

During the financial year, four (4) Meetings of the Board were held as given in the **Annexure 1** to this report.

3. Attendance of Directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors thereof

The Attendance of Directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors is given in the **Annexure 1** to this report.

4. Share capital

The Company has not issued any securities or sweat equity/Bonus Shares/ESOPs and also not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

5. Details of Policy Developed and Implemented by the Company on Its Corporate Social Responsibility Initiatives

Not Applicable.

6. Transfer to Reserves

During the year, the Company has not transferred any amounts to Reserves.

7. Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments Made Under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

There was no loan, guarantee or investment made under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

8. Contracts and arrangements with the related parties

The details of the contracts and arrangements entered into with the related parties during the year, as referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under is furnished in Note 18 in the notes to accounts forming part of the Annual report.

Further, the Company's transactions with the related parties are executed on arm's length basis and have been entered into in the ordinary course of business.

Therefore, the details of the Company's disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company for the financial year 2020-21 in the prescribed form AOC-2 is given as **Annexure 2** to this report.

9. Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Not Applicable.

10. Research and Development

During the year, no amount was incurred on research and development activities, as no business activities were carried out during the year.

11. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

During the financial year, the Company has not incurred any transaction in foreign currency.

12. Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report

There are no such changes and commitments.

13. The details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future

There are no such orders.

14. The details in respect of adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements

Based on its size, the Company has adequate systems of internal control to safeguard its assets against loss from any unwarranted use. All transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly.

15. Company's Policy Relating to Directors Appointment, Payment of Remuneration and Discharge of Their Duties

Not Applicable.

16. Particulars of Employees

None of the employees are being paid the remuneration, as required to be disclosed under the provisions of Section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

Auditors

M/s S N Garg, Chartered Accountants, bearing Firm Registration No. 002207C, Hapur, have been appointed as statutory auditors of the Company for a term of 5 years viz. 2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23 and 2023-24.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Rules made there under, with respect to the Directors' responsibility statement, it is hereby confirmed:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year 2020-21 ended on March 31, 2021 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- c. the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively, and
- f. the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Cautionary Statement

Certain statements in the Report of the Directors with words or phrases such as 'will', 'should', etc., and similar expressions or variation of these expressions or those concerning our future prospects are forward looking statements and represent intention of the management and the efforts put in to realize certain goals. Actual results may differ materially due to a number of risks or uncertainties associated with the expectations. These risks and uncertainties include,

but are not limited to, our ability to successfully implement our strategy and changes in government policies.

Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors acknowledges the continued assistance and guidance provided by the Government of India, and various other institutions and expresses special thanks to Simbhaoli Sugars Limited and its staff for continued support to give necessary support for business operations and expansion thereof.

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Pvt Ltd**

Place: Noida

Date: September 4, 2021

Dayal Chand Popli

Director

DIN: 07684039

Kamal Samtani

Director

DIN: 02818197

A. Attendance of Directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors

Date of the Board Meeting	No of Directors Present
JUNE 22, 2020	3
SEPTEMBER 4, 2020	3
NOVEMBER 9, 2020	3
FEBRUARY 12, 2021	3

B. Attendance of Directors at the meetings of shareholders**Annual General Meeting(AGM)/ Extraordinary General Meeting (EGM)**

Date of the meeting	No of Directors Present
SUNDAY, DECEMBER 27, 2020	1

FORM NO. AOC -2

Annexure-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis. NIL

S. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	N.A.
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A.
c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	N.A.
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	N.A.
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	N.A.
f)	Date of approval by the Board	N.A.
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any	N.A.
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	N.A.

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

S. No.	Particulars	Details				
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Simbhaoli Sugars Limited	Mr. S N Misra	Mr. D C Popli	Mr. Kamal Samtani	Ms. Harmeet Kaur
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	Rent Received	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
c)	Duration of the contracts /arrangements/transaction	For the Financial Year 2020-21	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Forming part of note 18 of the Balance Sheet	Forming part of note 18 of the Balance Sheet	Forming part of note 18 of the Balance Sheet	Forming part of note 18 of the Balance Sheet	Forming part of note 18 of the Balance Sheet
e)	Date of approval by the Board	02.08.2014	-	-	-	-
f)	Amount paid as advances, if any.	-	-	-	-	-

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of M/s. Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Report on the standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited** ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.



Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.



- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there are any material foreseeable losses.
 - As explained, there has been no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S N Garg & CO
Chartered Accountants
FRN 002207C



(CA S N GARG)
Partner
M. No. 071343
UDIN : 21071343AAAACP8054

Place: NOIDA

Date: 3 JUN 2021

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure – 'A' referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021:

1. In respect of fixed assets :
 - a) The Company has generally maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is regular program of verification of fixed assets by the management, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management at the year end and as per the report, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) According to the information, explanations and representations provided to us and based on the documents produced to us for verification, we report that the title deeds of immovable property are held in the name of the Company. For the aforesaid purpose land deed/lease deed has been taken as the basis for verification of self constructed building thereupon.
2. The company does not have any inventory, accordingly clause 3(ii) of the order is not applicable.
3. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examinations of the records, in our opinion, the company has not granted unsecured / secured loans to companies, firms, Limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act, accordingly clause 3 (iii) (a) to (c) are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented thereupon.
4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security.
5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.
6. As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company.



7. a) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of Accounts, and records the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us, there were no undisputed amounts outstanding at the year end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.
8. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to banks. The Company has not taken any loan either from financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures.
9. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
10. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
11. No managerial remuneration has been paid or provided during the year. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4 (xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
12. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
13. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
14. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
15. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.




16. In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Place : NOIDA.

Date : 3 JUN 2021

For S. N. Garg & Co.
Chartered Accountants
(FRN. 002207C)



[CA S. N. GARG]
Partner

M. N. 71343

UDIN : 21071343AAAACP8054

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure – 'B' referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021:

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31st, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of the internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of fraud and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the standards on auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

6. A Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditure of the company are being made only in accordance of authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisitions, use, or dispositions of the company's assets that could have a material effect on Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

7. Because of inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place : NOIDA

Date : 3 JUN 2021

For S. N. Garg & Co.
Chartered Accountants
(FRN, 002207C)



[CA S. N. GARG]
Partner

M. N. 71343

UDIN : 21071343AAAACP8054



SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED
(Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED)
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

Particulars	Note	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
ASSETS			
Non current assets			
a) Property, Plant & Equipment	2	94,244	120,411
b) Investment Property	2A	9,082,597	9,214,096
c) Financial Assets		-	-
i) Other financial assets		-	-
Total non current assets	3	9,176,841	9,334,507
Current Assets			
a) Financial Assets			
i) Cash and cash equivalents	4	38,420	40,898
ii) Other financial assets			
b) Current tax assets	5	5,098,491	4,772,778
c) Other current assets	6	19,210	19,210
Total current assets	7	-	-
		5,156,121	4,832,886
Total assets		14,332,962	14,167,393
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	8	190,000	190,000
b) Other equity	9		
i) Securities Premium		8,910,000	8,910,000
ii) Profit/ (loss) balance		5,039,881	4,876,837
Current Liabilities		14,139,881	13,976,837
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Trade payables	11	122,250	103,460
b) Other current liabilities	10	18,260	29,160
c) Current tax liabilities (net)	12	52,571	57,936
Total Equity and Liabilities		193,081	190,556
Total		14,332,962	14,167,393

Additional Information and Significant Accounting Policies
 The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements
 As per our report of even date attached

For S. N. Garg & Co.
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration No. 002207C

S. N. Garg



Partner
 Membership No. 71343

Place: NOIDA.
 Date: 3 JUN 2021

For and on behalf of the Board

Dayal Chand Popli

Dayal Chand Popli
 (Director)
 DIN: 07684039

Kamal Samtani

Kamal Samtani
 (Director)
 DIN: 02818197

SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED
(Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED)
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars		Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
I	Revenue from Operations			
II	Other Income			
III	Total Income(I+II)	13	478,000	648,000
			478,000	648,000
IV	Expenses:			
	Employee benefit expenses			
	Depreciation & Other amortisation expenses	14	157,666	157,666
	Finance Cost	15		
	Other expenses	16	63,178	52,804
	Total Expenses (IV)		220,844	210,470
V	Profit(loss) before exceptional items, share of net profits of investments accounted for using equity method and tax (I-IV)		257,156	437,530
VI	Share of net profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method			
VII	Profit(loss) before exceptional items and tax (V-VI)			
VIII	Exceptional items mentioned earlier in extraordinary items		257,156	437,530
IX	Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations (VII-VIII)			
X	Tax expense :		257,156	437,530
	(1) Current Tax			
	(2) Deferred Tax	17	94,112	124,329
XI	Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations (IX-X)		163,044	313,201
	Discontinued operations			
	Profit (loss) for the period from discontinued operations (after tax)			
	Tax expenses of discontinued operations			
XIII	Profit (loss) for the period (XI + XII)		163,044	313,201
XIV	Other comprehensive income			
XV	Total comprehensive income for the period		163,044	313,201

Additional Information and Significant Accounting Policies
The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements
As per our report of even date attached
For S. N. Garg & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 002207C

S. N. Garg

Partner
Membership No. 71343



Place: NOIDA-

Date: 3 JUN 2021

For & on behalf of the Board

Dayal Chand Popli
Dayal Chand Popli
(Director)
DIN: 07684039

Kamal Samtani
Kamal Samtani
(Director)
DIN: 02918197

SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED) Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	(In Rs.)	
	For the Year 2020-21 Rs.	For the Year 2019-20 Rs.
A. Cash flow from Operating Activities :-		
Net profit/(loss) before tax and exceptional items		
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	257,156	437,530
Rent/Finance lease received	157,666	157,666
Interest expenses	(478,000)	(648,000)
Operating (loss)/profit before working capital changes	(63,178)	(52,804)
Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:		
Trade Receivables	-	-
Other Financial Assets	-	-
Other Current Assets	-	-
Other Current Tax Assets	(325,713)	(494,123)
Inventories	-	-
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating assets:		
Trade Payables	-	-
Other current liabilities	-	-
Short term provisions	18,790	15,860
Cash (used)/generated from operations	(10,900)	-
Direct taxes (paid)/refund	-	-
Net cash flow from operating activities before exceptional items	(381,001)	(531,067)
Cash flow from exceptional items	(99,477)	(119,529)
Net cash (used)/from operating activities	(480,478)	(650,596)
B. Cash flow from investing activities :		
Purchase of fixed assets	(480,478)	(650,596)
Sale of fixed assets	-	-
Rent/Finance lease received	-	-
Change in deposits with Bank	-	-
Interest received	478,000	648,000
Net Cash (used) /from investing activities	-	-
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds/(Repayment) from long term borrowings (Net)	478,000	648,000
Proceeds/(Repayment) from short term borrowings (Net)	-	-
Finance charges	-	-
Net cash (used)/ from financing activities	-	-
D. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,478)	(2,596)
E. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	40,898	43,494
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	38,420	40,898

- a) Cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect method' as set out in Ind As - 7
- b) Schedules referred to above and notes attached there to form an integral part of cash flow statement

As per our report of even date attached

For S. N. Garg & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002207C



Partner

Membership No. 71343



Place: NOIDA

Date: 3 JUN 2021

For and on behalf of the Board



Dayal Chand Popli
(Director)
DIN: 07684039



Kamal Samtani
(Director)
DIN: 02818197

SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2021

Particulars	Equity Share Capital	Other Equity		Total Other Equity	Total Equity
		Reserve and Surplus			
		Securities Premium account	Surplus in Statement of profit and loss		
As at April 1, 2019	190,000	8,910,000	4,563,636	13,473,636	13,663,636
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	313,201	313,201	313,201
Transfer to/(from) storage fund for molasses	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of defined obligation (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in fair value of investment in USL (FVOCI)	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2020	190,000	8,910,000	4,876,837	13,786,837	13,976,837
Addition to Equity Share Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Money Received against Share Warrant	-	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	163,044	163,044	163,044
Transfer to/(from) storage fund for molasses	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of defined obligation (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in fair value of investment in USL (FVOCI)	-	-	-	-	-
As at Mar 31, 2021	190,000	8,910,000	5,039,881	13,949,881	14,139,881

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached
For S N Garg & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN 002207C



Partner
M. No. - 071243

Place: Noida
Date: 3 JUN 2021

For and on behalf of the Board

Dayal Chand Popli
(Director)
DIN: 07684039

Kamal Samtani
(Director)
DIN: 02818197

Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

1. Background of the Company

Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited ("the entity") was incorporated on June 19, 1995 under the Companies Act, 1956. The entity is engaged in manufacturing of Speciality Sugar. It is a 100% subsidiary of 'Simbhaoli Sugars Limited', a company incorporated and listed in India.

1A. Significant accounting policies

A. Basis of preparation

i. Compliance with Ind As

The Financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

ii. Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) and contingent consideration that is measured at fair value;
- Assets held for sale-measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- Defined benefits plans- plan assets measured at fair value;

iii. Functional and presentation

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (INR), which is company's functional currency.

iv. Use of estimates and Judgments

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

v. Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the chief financial officer.

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

Significant valuation issues are reported to the Company's audit committee.

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

B. Revenue recognition

Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognized as part of Other Income in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease except where the rentals are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

C. Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

i. Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognized in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits. Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.
Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the company recognizes a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realized. Deferred tax assets – unrecognized or recognized, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognized/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on anet basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

D. Property Plant & Equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

ii. Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1 April 2016, measured as per the previous GAAP, and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such property, plant and equipment.

iii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

iv. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method, and is generally recognized in the statement of profit and loss.



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

The depreciation is provided by applying the following method at the useful lives specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013:

All Depreciable Fixed Assets - Straight line method

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

E. Financial Instruments

i. Recognition and measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- amortized cost;
- FVOCI – equity investment; or
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for DE recognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest.

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin. In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. nonrecourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss. However, see Note 3(c)(v) for derivatives designated as hedging instruments.

Financial assets at amortized cost: These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on DE recognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Debt investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On DE recognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on De recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

iii. De recognition

Financial assets

The Company de recognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

iv. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

F. Impairment

I. Impairment of financial instruments

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost; and
- financial assets measured at FVOCI- debt investments

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit impaired. A financial asset is "credit impaired" when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being past due for 90 days or more;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

In all cases, the maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in the balance sheet

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in OCI.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

G. Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the group, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The useful life has been determined as per Companies Act, 2013.

H. Earnings per share

i. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

ii. Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.



SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes on Financial Statements



2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Particulars	D.G Set	Transformer	Slotting Machine	Small Hand Tools	Stitching Machine	Hand Cutter	Total
Year ended 31 March 2020							
Gross block							
Gross carrying amount							
Gross carrying amount as at April 01, 2019	10,500	264,938	20,000	300	18,000	1,200	314,938
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/Deductions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	10,500	264,938	20,000	300	18,000	1,200	314,938
Depreciation/Amortisation							
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at April 01, 2019	4,990	125,845	19,000	285	17,100	1,140	168,360
Depreciation/Amortisation for the year	998	25,169	-	-	-	-	26,167
Disposals/Deductions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at March 31, 2020	5,988	151,014	19,000	285	17,100	1,140	194,527
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	4,512	113,924	1,000	15	900	60	120,411
Gross block							
Gross carrying amount							
Gross carrying amount as at April 01, 2020	10,500	264,938	20,000	300	18,000	1,200	314,938
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/Deductions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	10,500	264,938	20,000	300	18,000	1,200	314,938
Depreciation/Amortisation							
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at April 01, 2020	5,988	151,014	19,000	285	17,100	1,140	194,527
Depreciation/Amortisation for the year	998	25,169	-	-	-	-	26,167
Disposals/Deductions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at March 31, 2021	6,986	176,183	19,000	285	17,100	1,140	220,694
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	3,514	88,755	1,000	15	900	60	94,244

SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED) Notes on Financial Statements

2A. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Particulars	(In Rs.)		
	Land	Buildings	Total
Year ended 31 March 2020			
Gross block			
Gross carrying amount			
Gross carrying amount as at April 01, 2019	1,680,344	8,322,746	10,003,090
Additions during the year	-	-	-
Disposals/Deductions during the year	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-
Other Adjustment	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	1,680,344	8,322,746	10,003,090
Depreciation/Amortisation			
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at April 01, 2019	-	-	-
Depreciation/Amortisation for the year	-	657,495	657,495
Disposals/Deductions during the year	-	131,499	131,499
Impairment loss	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at March 31, 2020	-	-	-
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	1,680,344	7,533,752	9,214,096
Gross block			
Gross carrying amount			
Gross carrying amount as at April 01, 2020	1,680,344	8,322,746	10,003,090
Additions during the quarter	-	-	-
Disposals/Deductions during the quarter	-	-	-
Transfers*	-	-	-
Other Adjustment	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	1,680,344	8,322,746	10,003,090
Depreciation/Amortisation			
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at April 01, 2020	-	-	-
Depreciation/Amortisation for the year	-	788,994	788,994
Disposals/Deductions during the quarter	-	131,499	131,499
Impairment loss	-	-	-
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation as at March 31, 2021	-	920,493	920,493
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	1,680,344	7,402,253	9,082,597



SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED

(Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED)

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended March 2021

		As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
3	Other Financial Assets		
	Lease receivable		
	Total	-	-
4	Cash & Cash equivalent		
	Cash on Hand	20,884	20,884
	Balance with Banks	17,536	20,014
	Total	38,420	40,898
5	Other Financial Assets		
	Simbhaoli Sugars Limited	4,900,331	4,607,658
	Dholadhar Investment P Ltd.	198,160	165,120
	Total	5,098,491	4,772,778
6	Current Tax Assets		
	TDS Receivable		
	Total	19,210	19,210
7	Other Current Assets		
	Other Short term advances		
	Total	-	-
8	Share Capital		
	Share Capital Account		
	Total	190,000	190,000
9	Current Year Profit		
	Securities Premium Account		
	Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss	8,910,000	8,910,000
	Current Year Profit	4,876,837	4,563,636
	Total	13,949,881	13,786,837
10	Other Current Liabilities		
	Self Assessment Tax		
	GST Payable		
	Other Expenses Payable	18,260	29,160
	Total	18,260	29,160
11	Trade Payable		
	Audit fees Payable		
	Other Expenses Payable	15,000	15,000
	Total	107,250	88,460
		122,250	103,460
12	Current tax liability		
	Current tax liability		
	Total	52,571	57,936
		52,571	57,936



SIMBHAOLI SPECIALITY SUGARS PRIVATE LIMITED

(Formerly known as RESHAM PACKAGING PRIVATE LIMITED)

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

		For the Year 2020-21	For the Year 2019- 20
13	Other Income		
	Rent		
	Total	478,000	648,000
		478,000	648,000
14	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		
	Depreciation of Property, Plant & Equipment		
	Total	157,666	157,666
		157,666	157,666
15	Finance Cost		
	Interest on Lease Rent		
	Interest on GST	-	-
	Interest on Tds	-	-
	Total	-	-
		-	-
16	Other Expenses		
	Auditor's remuneration		
	Bank charges	15,000	15,000
	Late Filing Fees of TDS Return	2,478	2,596
	ROC Expenses	-	-
	Professional Fees		
	GST Late Fee	45,700	30,100
	Interest on Late payment of Tax	-	100
	Advertisement & Publicity		
	Electricity Expensese		
	Other Expenses		
	Total		5,008
		63,178	52,804
17	Tax Expense		
	Current Tax		
	Income Tax Adjustment	86,996	117,936
	Total	7,116	6,393
		94,112	124,329



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

18. Related Party Disclosure Under Ind AS 18

a. Name of related party & nature of related party relationship

-Holding Company: Simbhaoli Sugars Limited (100% Holding)
-Dholadhar Investment Private Limited

b. Key Managerial Performance

- i. Sh. Kamal Samtani (Director)
- ii. Sh. S. N. Mishra (Director)
- iii. Sh. D. C. Popli (Director)

Disclosure of transactions between the Company and Related Parties and the status of outstanding balances as on 31st M
2021

(A) Transactions

S.No.	Particulars	2020-2021	2019-2020
1	<u>Rent Received</u>		
	Simbhaoli Sugars Limited	4,50,000	6,00,000
	Dholadhar Investment Pvt Ltd.	28,000	48,000
2	<u>Reimbursement of Expense</u>		
	Simbhaoli Sugars Limited	-	-

(B) Outstanding Balance

S.No.	Particulars	2020-2021	2019-2020
1	<u>Sundry Debtors</u>		
	Simbhaoli Sugars Ltd	4,907,631	4,607,658
	Dholadhar Investment Pvt Ltd.	198,120	1,65,120

19. Investment Properties

a. Amount recognized in statement of profit & loss for investment properties

Particulars	2020-2021	2019-2020
Rental Income		
	478,000	648,000
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income		
	-	-
Income from investment properties before depreciation	478,000	648,000
Depreciation	131,499	131,499
Income from investment properties after depreciation	346,501	516,501



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

b. Reconciliation of carrying value of Investment property at the beginning and the end of period

Particulars	Carrying Value as on 1 st April 2020	Depreciation	Other	Carrying Value as on 1 st April 2021
Land	1,680,344	-	-	1,680,344
Building	7,533,752	131,499	-	7,402,253
Total	9,214,096	131,499	-	9,082,597

Depreciation Method: Straight Line Method

Useful life – Land – NA
Building – 60 years

Gross Carrying Amount – Land – INR 1,680,344
- Building – INR 8,322,746

Accumulated Depreciation as on 31st March 2020 - INR 788,994
Accumulated Depreciation as on 31st March 2021 - INR 920,493

20. Tax Expense

Income Tax Expense	2020-2021	2019-2020
Current Tax on Profit for the year	86,996	117,936
Adjustment of previous year shortfall	7,116	6,393
Total Tax Expense	94,112	124,329

21. Financial Risk Management Objectives

i) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The analysis below reflects the current ratio of the company at the year-end:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total current assets	5,156,121	4,832,886
Total current liabilities	1,93,081	190,556



Simbhaoli Speciality Sugars Private Limited

Notes forming part of the accounts

Current ratio	26.70	25.36
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22. Financial Instrument by Category

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021			As at March 2020		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets						
Cash & Bank Balances	-	-	38,420	-	-	40,898
Other Financial Assets	-	-	5,098,491	-	-	4,772,778
Total	-	-	5,136,911	-	-	4,813,676
Financial Liabilities						
Trade Payables	-	-	122,250	-	-	103,460
Total	-	-	122,250	-	-	103,460

In terms of our report attached
For S N Garg & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN 002207C





Partner
M. No. - 071343

Place : Noida

Date : 3 JUN 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Dayal Chand Popli
Director
DIN: 07684039


Kamal Samtani
Director
DIN: 02818197